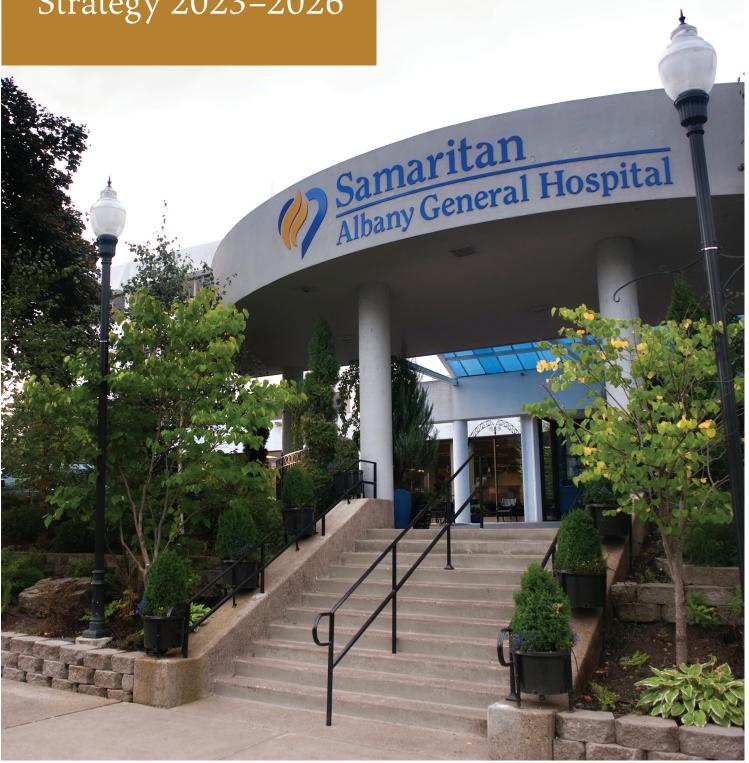
SAMARITAN ALBANY GENERAL HOSPITAL

Community Benefit Plan Implementation Strategy 2023–2026



Building healthier communities together





A MESSAGE FROM OUR CEO

At Samaritan Albany General Hospital, we believe strongly in our commitment to improving the health of our communities. Our community benefit efforts aim to expand access to care,

increase social supports for families and children, and improve individual health for all community members.

We work closely with local organizations to provide services that support these goals. Our board of directors, which reviews and approves our Community Benefit Plan Implementation Strategy, consists of hospital staff, physicians and community members. This helps us to know the communities in which we live, work and play, and to see where and how to address their needs.

We implement specific community benefit activities by offering workshops, classes and support

groups to community members with specialized health needs. We provide our staff with education and professional development to keep them trained on the most up-to-date medical procedures, and we contribute to local and regional community organizations through grants and in-kind donations.

As an organization, we listen to community needs and provide services and supports that address the social determinants of health in order to improve overall health. We are proud to be a part of Linn County, where agencies work together to create healthier communities for all.

In this document, you will find our goals and health priorities, which will direct our community benefit efforts for the next three years.

Dan Keteri

Chief Executive Officer Samaritan Albany General Hospital

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INTRODUCTION 01

Community benefit remains a central concept for Samaritan Health Services (SHS) as well as for Samaritan Albany General Hospital (SAGH).

The 2023–2026 Samaritan Albany General Hospital Community Benefit Plan Implementation Strategy is a result of the 2022 Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) that identified significant health needs, goals and priorities in Linn County. This plan will guide our efforts as we build healthier communities together.

As our communities grow and the health care professions continue to undergo transformation, community benefit efforts will become increasingly important. This plan reflects a significant step toward positioning SHS and SAGH to address the evolving needs of our region and our communities.



OUR MISSION

Building healthier communities together.



OUR VISION

Serving our communities with PRIDE.



OUR VALUES

Passion Respect Integrity Dedication

Excellence



02 HOSPITAL PROFILE

Established in 1924, SAGH is a 79-bed acute care facility and health center serving the greater Albany area, which includes Tangent, Millersburg, North Albany in Benton County and Jefferson in Marion County. The facility is part of SHS's award-winning network of hospitals, clinics, health plans, and health and fitness centers primarily serving Benton, Lincoln and Linn counties.

SAGH employs more than 132 health care providers, more than 700 support staff and close to 260

clinic staff who support the SHS mission of building healthier communities together. They are committed to providing personalized, quality care and to promoting the good health of the entire community in alignment with SHS's values of Passion, Respect, Integrity, Dedication and Excellence.

SAGH supports the overarching goal of providing equitable access to social resources and physical environments that promote good health for all members of the community.

03 COUNTY PROFILE

Extending from I-5 to the Cascades, Linn County comprises 2,297 square miles bounded by Marion, Deschutes, Jefferson, Lane and Benton counties.

Although many areas are designated as rural, Linn County has the region's highest total population with an estimated 129,839 residents as of 2021. Most people live in the county seat of Albany.

Rural cities and unincorporated communities in Linn County include Millersburg, Tangent, Shedd and Crabtree. Approximately 29% of residents live in unincorporated and/or isolated areas with limited services, resources, grocery stores, health care providers, and public transportation options.

SAGH serves the western third of Linn County.



This includes the designated metropolitan service area of Albany, as well as Harrisburg, Tangent, Millersburg, Halsey, Shedd and the neighboring rural and unincorporated areas.

COMMUNITY	POPULATION
Albany	56,828
Lebanon	18,945
Sweet Home	9,958
RACE/ETHNICITY	PERCENT
American Indian/Alaska Native	1.8
Asian only	1.3
Black/African American	0.9
Hispanic/Latino	10.2
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0.1
Two or More Races	3.7
White only	92.1

Health and social indicators

Median household income by race/ethnicity, 2016-2020.

RACE/ETHNICITY	LINN	OREGON
American Indian/Alaska Native	\$42,236	\$48,225
Asian	\$90,787	\$83,125
Black/African American	\$58,462	\$44,138
Hispanic/Latino	\$45,281	\$54,797
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	_	\$69,547
Some other race	\$45,058	\$55,422
Two or more races	\$58,679	\$57,283
White	\$59,841	\$66,480

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, ACS, Table B19013A-B19013I, 2016-2020.

Percentage of poverty by race/ethnicity, 2016-2020.

RACE/ETHNICITY	LINN	OREGON
American Indian/Alaska Native	12.6	22.1
Asian	13.1	13.1
Black/African American	2.2	27.4
Hispanic/Latino	15.4	17.8
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	10.3	17.1
Some Other Race	18.0	16.5
Two or More Races	14.6	15.3
White	11.9	11.5

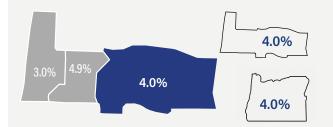
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, ACS, Table S1701, 2016-2020.

Percentage of health insurance coverage by age group in Linn, Benton and Lincoln counties and Oregon, 2016-2020.

AGE	BENTON	LINCOLN	LINN	OREGON
Under 6	98.4	95.7	91.5	97.2
6 to 18	95.9	95.8	93.3	96.2
19 to 25	93.2	80.4	87.6	89.3
26 to 34	88.7	78.3	87.8	87.8
35 to 44	93.0	81.0	88.9	89.9
45 to 54	93.1	83.5	93.3	91.6
55 to 64	96.0	91.6	93.1	93.4
65 to 74	99.3	99.4	99.1	99.3
Over 75	100.0	100.0	99.5	99.6

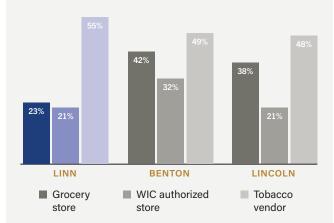
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, ACS, Table S2701, 2016-2020.

Unemployment rate for Linn County compared to Benton County, Lincoln County, the tri-county region and Oregon, August 2022.



Source: Oregon Employment Department, QualityInfo.org, August 22, 2022.

County residents living within half a mile of a grocery store, WIC authorized store, or tobacco vendor, 2019.



Source: Oregon Public Health Assessment Tool, 2019, retrieved by Benton County Health Department.

Linn County, regional and state households paying more than 50% of income on rent, mortgage, insurance, and utilities, 2020.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, ACS, Table B25070, B25091, 2020.

04 DATA SOURCES

This CHNA draws on primary and secondary data identified and collected by SHS and its partners:

- Benton County Health Department.
- Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians.
- InterCommunity Health Network Coordinated Care Organization.
- Lincoln County Health Department.
- Linn County Health Department.
- United Way of Linn, Benton & Lincoln Counties.

Primary data comes from SAGH electronic medical records (excluding any personal patient information), surveys, focus groups, key informant interviews, and community listening sessions. This data was collected in the following ways:

 Paper surveys distributed through community partners and local agencies May–June 2022.

- Online public survey available May-June 2022.
- Fifteen focus groups held in May and June 2022 with communities of color, LGBTQ2SIA+ community members, non-English speakers (Spanish, Arabic, Mam), unhoused people, international students, and health and social service providers.
- Key informant interviews in English and Spanish, conducted in May and June 2022, with diverse community leaders, disability rights advocates, agency and nonprofit directors, mental and behavioral health providers, elected officials, and chief executive officers.
- Bilingual community listening sessions were conducted in Corvallis on August 23 and in Newport on August 24, 2022.

Local coalitions and community partners reviewed secondary data for inclusion in the CHNA.

Limitations

The primary and secondary data included in the CHNA helps SHS and its partners identify current and emerging health issues in Linn County. However, the CHNA does not encompass all health issues that may exist across the region or in specific communities and should not be viewed or cited as a formal study or research document.

05 | SIGNIFICANT HEALTH NEEDS

Primary data identified access to medical, dental and mental/behavioral care — especially mental/behavioral services for children and adults — as the most urgent health need in west Linn County. This includes services for substance use disorder as well as issues like depression, anxiety and suicidality.

Healthy food and nutrition, child well-being, and community safety are immediate needs. Food insecurity; access to safe, affordable and developmentally appropriate child care; child abuse/neglect; and domestic violence are major priorities for services and supports.

Housing, employment and supports are also major community concerns. Access to safe and affordable housing remains a pressing need, along with wraparound services for unhoused community members. Because poverty affects overall health as well as access to health care, child care, quality housing and healthy food, addressing poverty is a major need in regard to all of these issues.

Reducing institutional discrimination and bias, and partnering more closely, respectfully and transparently with culturally specific organizations, are long-standing needs that have taken on an even greater urgency since the pandemic.

Prioritization

Prioritization engaged health, social services, government, nonprofit, tribal and community partners. Members of the SAGH Social Accountability Committee reviewed data gathered by the Regional Health Assessment & Alignment Collaborative as well as input from Benton County Health Department, Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians, InterCommunity Health Network Coordinated Care Organization, Lincoln County Health Department, Linn County Health Department, and United Way of Linn, Benton & Lincoln Counties. They identified the following priorities for improving community health and access to social determinants of health:

- Access to health care.
- Suicide prevention.
- Substance use disorder.
- Anxiety and depression.
- Food insecurity.
- Child care.
- Child abuse/neglect.
- Domestic violence.
- Housing costs and houselessness.
- Poverty.
- Culturally/linguistically appropriate services.

Goals and health priorities, 2023-2026

GREATER ACCESS

Objective: Increase community access to medical, dental and mental/behavioral health.

Priorities

- · Access to health care
- · Suicide prevention
- · Substance use disorder
- · Anxiety and depression



HEALTHY FAMILIES

Objective: Increase community access to healthy food, child care and safety.

Priorities

- · Food insecurity
- · Child care
- · Child abuse/neglect
- · Domestic violence



HEALTHY COMMUNITIES

Objective: Increase housing, employment and supportive services in the community.

Priorities

- · Housing costs and houselessness
- Culturally and linguistically appropriate services



06

ADDRESSING HEALTH NEEDS

The 2023–2026 Community Benefit Plan Implementation Strategy describes how SAGH will address significant health needs through internal and external activities.

Internal community benefits are activities, programs, projects and initiatives conducted by staff during work hours to benefit the community. Examples include classes, workshops, support groups, diversity events, and health fairs that are free and open to the public.

External community benefits include in-kind donations and financial contributions that support local schools, nonprofits and coalitions.

SAGH also addresses significant health needs by grouping services, supports and activities under the following community benefit categories:

- · Community health improvement.
- · Health professions education.
- Subsidized health services.
- · Research.
- Cash and in-kind contributions.
- Community-building and supports.

(To learn more about these categories, please see the *Planned Activities* chart on pages 8 and 9.)

Internal and external community benefits must:

- Generate a low or negative margin.
- Respond to public health needs.
- Respond to the needs of special populations (e.g., racial/ethnic populations; seniors and people with disabilities who are living in poverty; people with chronic mental illness).

- Supply services or programs that would probably be discontinued, or delivered by another nonprofit or government entity, if the decision were made on a purely financial basis.
- Involve education or research that improves overall community health.

Community benefits programs must also meet at least one of the following objectives:

- Improve access to health care services.
- · Enhance community health.
- · Advance medical or health knowledge.
- Relieve or reduce the burden of government or other community efforts.

The Community Benefit Advisory Committee (CBAC), Coast to Cascades Community Health Network and site-based Social Accountability Committee (SAC) have jointly identified community health priorities. The CBAC, the SHS Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Council, and the SACs have reviewed and approved health indicators to measure the impact of interventions.

Based on CHNA data, health equity is a major concern. Culturally and linguistically appropriate services are essential not just to ensure quality of care for all community members, but also to foster communication, coordination and trust.

Local and regional community leaders and advocates for marginalized and stigmatized populations have often emphasized their frustration with the exclusion and/or exploitation of culturally specific partners and with the ongoing failure of hospitals, social service agencies and other institutions to improve the cultural humility, diversity and accountability of their leadership, service providers and staff.



SHS recognizes the vital importance of equity and inclusion to community health and well-being. Investing in language services, equity/diversity training, and community outreach is a priority, but it is equally important for SAGH and SHS to weave diversity, equity and inclusion consistently throughout all services, supports, programs, activities, policies, internal and external communications, outreach, training, practices and spaces.

Access to mental health, behavioral health, dental health, and alcohol and drug treatment continues to be a significant need in Linn County and in the tri-county region as a whole. In response, SAGH has improved the quality of care by integrating behavioral health into primary care clinics.

In addition, the Samaritan Treatment and Recovery Services (STARS) program, which SAGH launched in May 2020 at the Barbara and Larry Mullins Center in Lebanon, provides inpatient, outpatient and group SUD treatment for tri-county adults.

SAGH staff also offer cooking and nutrition education to parents and children. More generally, SAGH will continue to address the full spectrum of CHNA-identified health priorities listed on page 5 while also promoting community health and well-being.

The 2022 CHNA has also identified significant community health needs that SAGH is *not* addressing, such as teen pregnancy prevention, juvenile justice, tobacco use, environmental issues, and advocacy. Due to staffing and financial limitations, or a lack of alignment with institutional mission and vision, SAGH relies on community partners and local and state agencies to meet these needs.

06 | ADDRESSING HEALTH NEEDS CONTINUED

Planned Activities

The following activities are based on the 2022 CHNA and represent only a sample of activities that support Linn County communities.

A

COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT

A1: Community health education | A2: Community-based clinical services

A3: Health care support services

GOAL 1: GREATER ACCESS. SAGH will continue to offer workshops, support groups and health screenings while also working to improve access to care.

OBJECTIVE. Increase access to medical, dental and mental/behavioral health supports and services.

STRATEGY. Conduct workshops, support groups, health screenings and provide access to care.

Activity	Measurement	Data source
Breast cancer support groups	Mammograms, screenings	SAGH data
Diabetes support groups	Prevalence of diabetes	SAGH data
Living Well workshops	Chronic disease diagnosis	OHA Living Well program stats
Maternity care coordination	1st trimester prenatal visits	SAGH clinic data

B

HEALTH PROFESSIONS EDUCATION

B1: Physicians and medical students | B2: Nurses and nursing students

B3: Health care support services

GOAL 1: GREATER ACCESS. SAGH plans to offer internships, externships and scholarships to increase the number of health care professionals in the community.

OBJECTIVE. Increase access to medical, dental and mental/behavioral health supports and services.

STRATEGY. Provide education and training to current and future health care professionals.

Activity	Measurement	Data source
Continuing medical education	Staff enrolled in CE classes	Enrollment records (CBISA)
Medical internships, Nursing education, Pharmacy students, scholarships, externships	Student enrollments	Enrollment records (CBISA)







SUBSIDIZED HEALTH SERVICES

C3: Hospital outpatient services

GOAL 1: GREATER ACCESS. SAGH continues to offer subsidized health services despite the financial loss generated after removing the impact of financial assistance, bad debt and Medicaid shortfalls.

OBJECTIVE. Increase access to medical, dental and mental/behavioral health supports and services.

STRATEGY. Provide care and services to community members regardless of their ability to pay.

Activity	Measurement	Data source
Clinical care	Clinic visits	EPIC reports

FINANCIAL & IN-KIND DONATIONS

E1: Cash | E2: Grants | E3: In-kind donations

GOAL 2: HEALTHY FAMILIES; GOAL 3: HEALTHY COMMUNITIES. SAGH plans to continue offering financial support and in-kind donations to local agencies that advance the hospital's mission and vision.

OBJECTIVES. Increase access to: healthy food, child care and safety; housing, employment and supportive services.

STRATEGY. Support organizations and agencies that promote community health.

Activity	Measurement	Data source
Social accountability grants	Funded programs	Agency progress reports
Financial contributions	Cash donations	CBISA reports
In-kind donations	Materials/supplies donated	CBISA reports

06 ADDRESSING HEALTH NEEDS CONTINUED

COMMUNITY-BUILDING & SUPPORTS

F3: Community support | F6: Building coalitions | F7: Community health improvement advocacy F8: Workforce development

GOAL 3: HEALTHY COMMUNITIES. SAGH will continue participating in local, state and national disaster preparedness, as well as community coalitions and boards, to improve health and outcomes in Linn County.

OBJECTIVE. Increase housing, employment and supportive services in the community.

STRATEGY. Provide services and supports that promote healthy communities.

Activity	Measurement	Data source
Disaster preparedness	Disaster response time	Office of Emergency Management
Community coalitions, commissions and boards	Staff involvement	CBISA reports
Workforce development	Vacant positions at SAGH	SAGH human resources report

Unaddressed community health needs

Although all significant health needs prioritized by the community are important, SAGH cannot directly address some of these issues due to limited staffing and financial resources. Linn County is fortunate to have strong elected leadership, robust community programs and collaborations, and involved community members. Local agencies with the necessary expertise and financial support are addressing the ongoing need for affordable housing and reducing homelessness. Community agencies are also addressing teen pregnancy, juvenile crime and tobacco, with SAGH staff often serving on agency boards or leading relevant local coalitions.



CONCLUSION 08

Samaritan Albany General Hospital has been supporting Linn County communities for several years. As one of the county's major health care providers, the hospital implements effective community benefit services and activities through a comprehensive strategic approach.

Support groups, community education, support services and other resources are available to residents of all communities through multiple languages and platforms, along with financial support through grants and donations to local nonprofit agencies.

SAGH is a committed partner in many local coalitions and a strong collaborator in local and regional initiatives that advance the mission, vision and values of the organization as well as equitable access to the health care and the social determinants of health.

By partnering with schools, faith groups, nonprofit organizations, tribal governments, and federal, state and local government agencies, SAGH strives to provide coordinated, comprehensive and equitable health care for all Linn County residents.

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